



Respiratory Enhanced Service Specification Primary Care 24/25

22nd May 2024 13.00-14.00

Dr Eleanor Worthington (NWL GP Respiratory Lead)

Dr Kuldhir Johal (NWL GP CVD and CKD Lead)

Outline of session

Introduction

Context for this Enhanced Service

Overview of ES

Enhanced review for asthma and COPD

New ICB Respiratory conditions template

Break for Questions

Role of PCN champion

Wider training opportunities

Break for Questions

Contractual requirements and quality metrics of the ES

Other aligned work

Appendices

Questions

Respiratory Disease Context

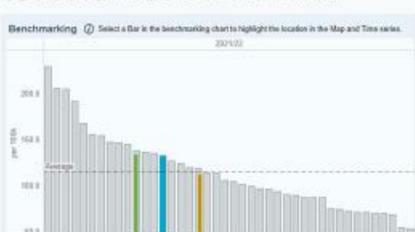
- Globally asthma is the commonest chronic disease of childhood
- UK is one of the worst performing developed countries for asthma deaths (35 out of 37)



- COPD is the fifth leading cause of death in the UK, causing 30,000 deaths each year.
- 10% emergency COPD admissions are for undiagnosed patients.
- COPD exacerbations are the second largest cause of emergency admission, with 30% patients readmitted within 90 days.
- Mortality and morbidity rates for both COPD and asthma are disproportionately linked to deprivation



Hospital admissions - last three years (North East London and North Central London for comparison)

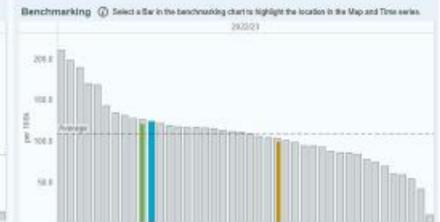


Non elective asthma inpatient admissions

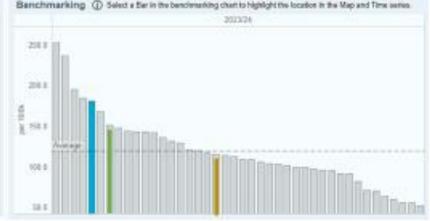
Age proup. Aged 0-1, Aged 11-15, Aged 16-19 and 2 more, Contest selected, ICS

National: 124.3 per 100k (FY 2021/22)

Non elective asthma inpatient admissions
National: 115.7 per 100k (FY 2022/23)
Ape group Aged 0-1, Aged 11-15, Aged 16-19 and 2 more, Contact selected, ICS



Non elective asthma inpatient admissions
National: 127.3 per 100k (FY 2023/24)
Age group Aged 0-1, Aged 11-15, Aged 16-19 and 2 more, Contest selected: ICS

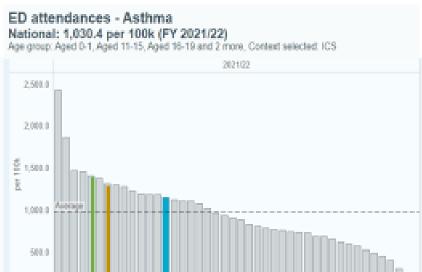


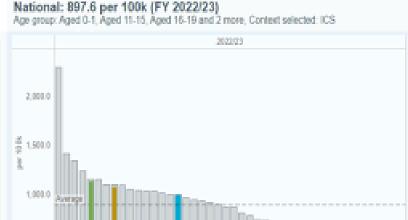


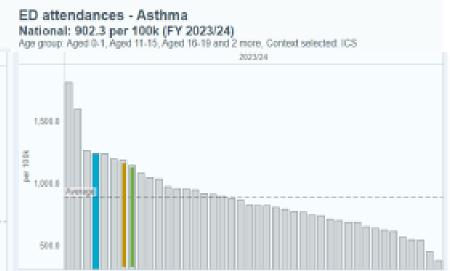




ED attendances - last three years — NWL in blue (North East London and North Central London for comparison)







NWL ICB NEL ICB NCL ICB

ED attendances - Asthma





Respiratory ES 24/25 Made Easy

- Aims for 24/25:
 - To improve outcomes for patients living with COPD and asthma and the quality of their care
- By means of:
 - Enhanced annual reviews
 - New Respiratory template
 - Risk stratification of most severe disease and use of UCP (Universal Care Plan, Valida)
 - PCN and practice respiratory champions to lead on respiratory care and local health inequalities
 - Training for all primary care staff
- Adjacent services
 - Spirometry RDH
 - Pulmonary Rehab
 - Medicines Optimisation Enhanced Service (MOES)

Respiratory ES 24/25 Made Easy

- Future aspirations
 - Case finding, UCLP searches (practice level data)
 - Use of WISC data to inform our local practice
 - Connecting to community services to form local MDTs
 - NWL respiratory community of practice





High level pathway:

The primary care respiratory pathway is described at a high level

- 1. Prevention
 - Smoking
 - II. Obesity
 - III. Vaccinations
- 2. Diagnosis
 - Case finding and Virtual Reviews
 - Referral to respiratory hub/CDC for diagnostic tests
- 3. Management
 - Annual reviews
 - Personalised action plan
 - III. Appropriate inhaler optimisation
 - IV. Advice on smoking cessation
 - V. Post exacerbation
- 4. Living with
 - Referral to Pulmonary rehabilitation
 - II. Home oxygen creating universal care plans UCPs for these patients
 - III. Palliative care using Universal care plans

Focus of the spec is management and living with COPD and asthma

Enhanced Asthma Review

- 1. Confirmation of the diagnosis
- 2. Assessment of asthma control (ACT or C-ACT)
- 3. Exacerbations, oral steroids and admissions
- 4. Medication review, use of SABA and ICS
- 5. Written Personal Asthma Action Plan
- 6. Inhaler technique including spacer, mouthpiece or mask
- 7. Peak flow and predicted peak flow
- 8. Triggers
- 9. Smoking, weight
- 10. Vaccination
- 11. Inhaler disposal
- 12. 1 week post attack review
- 13. 3 day post discharge review





"Acute asthma is treated as if it is a short-lived inconvenience, rather than a red flag that an ongoing chronic disease is out of control."

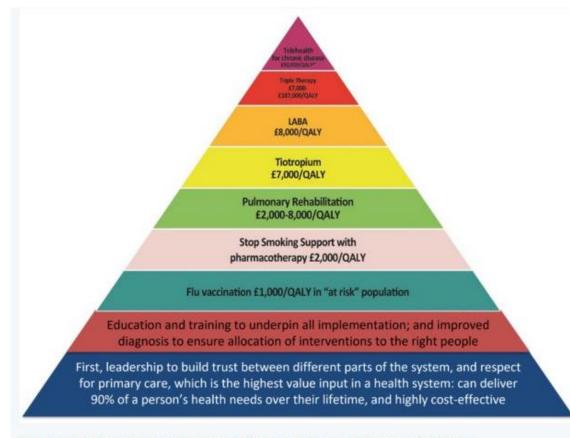
Mark Levy

NW London Asthma Inhaler Guide Adult - Version 5.2 June 2023.pdf (nwlondonicb.nhs.uk)

NW London Asthma Prescribing Guide for Children and Young People-Version 2 March 2023.pdf (nwlondonicb.nhs.uk)

Enhanced COPD Review

- Check diagnosis (Spirometry)
- 2. Think multi-morbidity
- 3. Symptomatic review, exacerbation review
- 4. Inhaler technique
- 5. Triggers
- Patient education: maintenance and exacerbation
- 7. No. of rescue packs
- 8. Screening for anxiety/depression
- Offer of vaccination
- 10. Offer of smoking cessation
- 11. Offer of pulmonary rehab
- 12. Home oxygen
- 13. Care planning for those with advanced disease (Links to UCP for high risk)



COPD Value Pyramid: used in United Kingdom Outcomes Strategy for COPD

NW London COPD Inhaler Guide Version 5.2 June 2023.pdf (nwlondonicb.nhs.uk)
InhalerStandardsMASTER.docx2019V10final.pdf (ukinhalergroup.co.uk)

Respiratory Templates

Feedback to: m.jahn@nhs.net





Respiratory *Conditions* template – overview and rationale – EMIS and S1 – supporting everyday practice

UCP – Universal Care Plan alignment – Valida (Previously CMC)

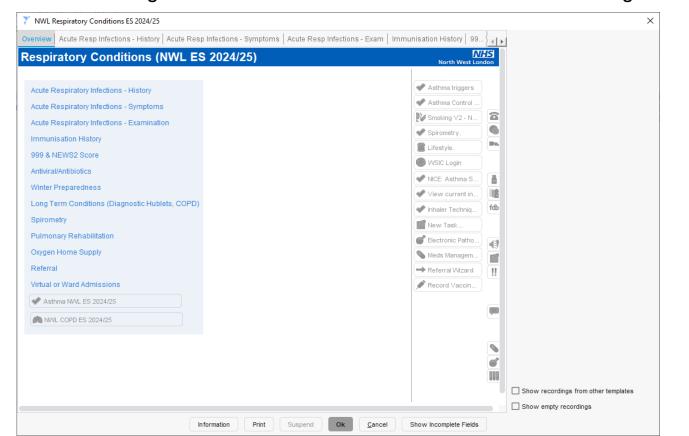
Risk stratification – tool usage – "higher risk" – practice level – UCLP searches – Group 1

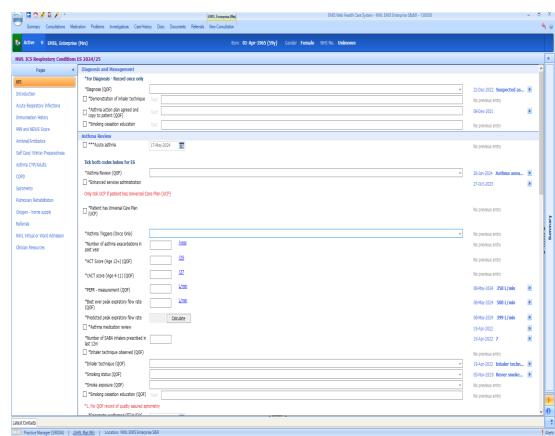
Home oxygen therapy -

Closing the loop on Pulmonary Rehabilitation and Spirometry

Asthma – acute and chronic reviews

COPD – alignment of the above with the annual review and high risk patients identification





EMIS/S1

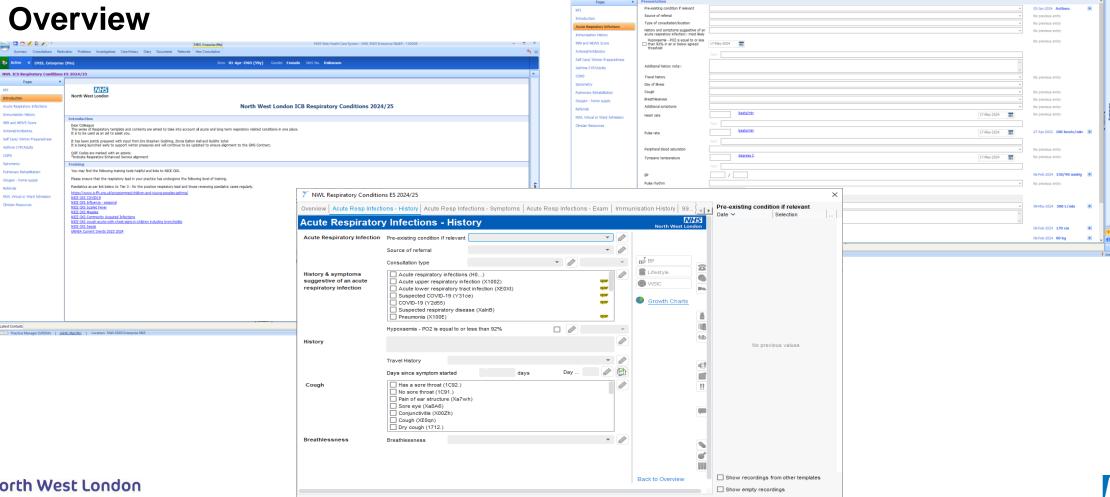
Acute care

Show Incomplete Fields

NWL ICS Respiratory Conditions ES 2024/25

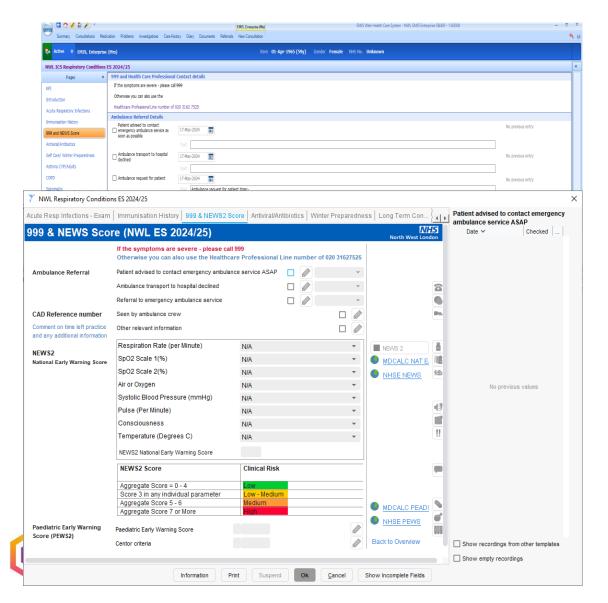
Born 01-Apr-1965 (59v) Gender Female NHS No. Unknow

North West London

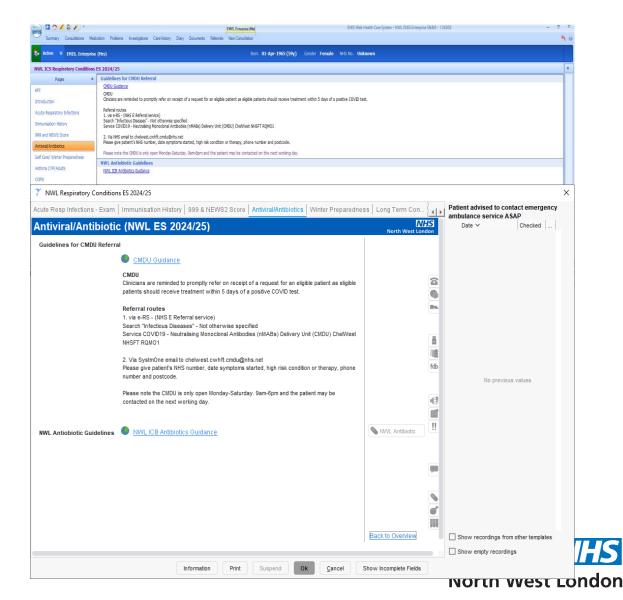




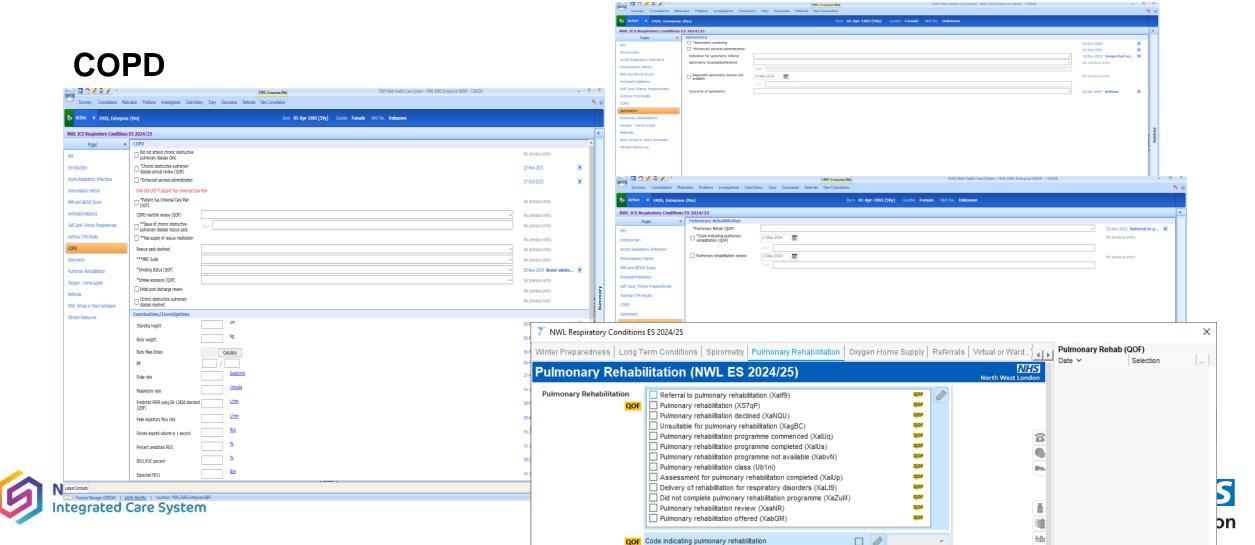
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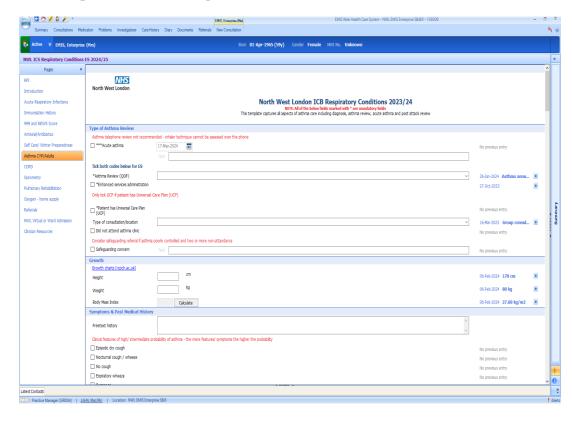
Antivirals – COVID19 - CMDU

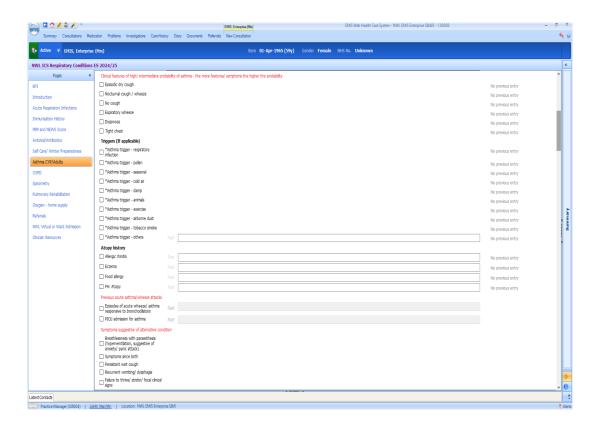


COPD – Spirometry/Pulmonary Rehab



Asthma





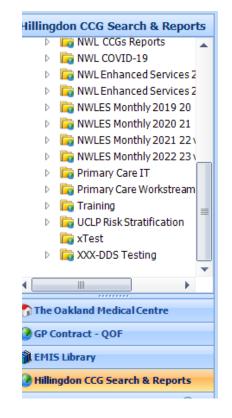


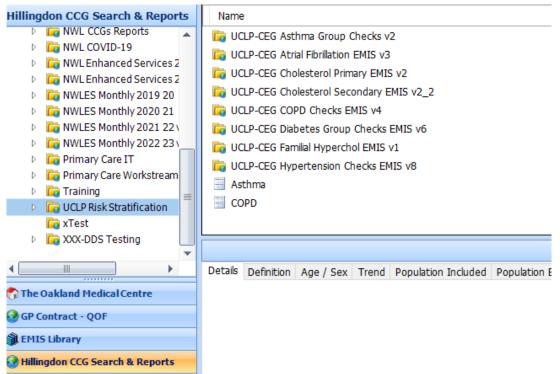


UCLP Searches - UCLPartners Proactive Care Search and Stratification tools — These tools support the Proactive Care Frameworks

https://uclpartners.com/our-priorities/cardiovascular/proactive-care/search-and-risk-stratification-tools/supporting-resources/

EMIS









Hillingdon CCG Search & Reports							
>	🙀 NWL Enhanced Services 2 🔺						
\triangleright	NWLES Monthly 2019 20						
\triangleright	NWLES Monthly 2020 21						
\triangleright	NWLES Monthly 2021 22 v						
\triangleright	NWLES Monthly 2022 23 v						
\triangleright	Primary Care IT						

Name	Population Count	%	Last Run	Search Type	Scheduled	Code System
All COPD Patients 18+	79	1%	14-Jan-2024	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT
Priority Group 1 (highest risk)	19	24%	25-Dec-2023	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT
Priority Group 2 (risk determined by ACT score)	58	73%	24-Dec-2023	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT
Priority Group 3 (lowest risk)	2	3%	26-Nov-2023	Patient	Paused	N/A

Hillingdon CCG Search & Reports							
▷ I NWL Enhanced Services 2 ▲							
NWLES Monthly 2019 20							
NWLES Monthly 2020 21							
NWLES Monthly 2021 22√							
NWLES Monthly 2022 23 √							
▷ 🙀 Primary Care IT							
▶ 🙀 Primary Care Workstream							
▷ 🔽 Training							
UCLP Risk Stratification							
🕝 UCLP-CEG Asthma Gr 🚃							
🙀 UCLP-CEG Atrial Fibril							

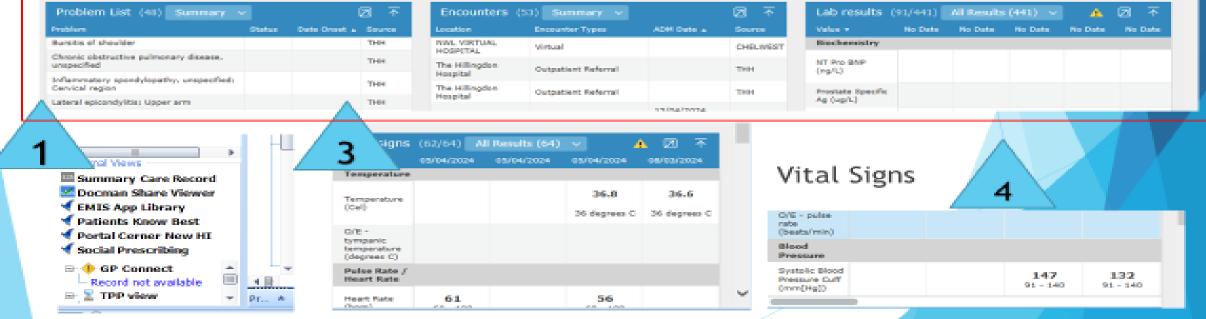
	Name	Population Count	%	Last Run	Search Type	Scheduled	Code System
1	All Asthma Patients with ICS or SABA in 12m	390	5%	25-Dec-2023	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT
	All Asthma Patients 12-16	25	6%	24-Dec-2023	Patient	Paused	N/A
	🔑 Group 1 - Asthma Patients 12-16	2	7%	26-Nov-2023	Patient	Paused	N/A
	🔑 Group 2 - Asthma Patients 12-16	4	14%	26-Nov-2023	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT
	🔑 Group 3 - Asthma Patients 12-16	22	79%	26-Nov-2023	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT
	🔑 All Asthma Patients 17+	338	87%	24-Dec-2023	Patient	Paused	N/A
1	🔑 Group 1 - Asthma Patients 17+	91	26%	26-Nov-2023	Patient	Paused	N/A
	→ Group 2 - Asthma Patients 17+	60	17%	26-Nov-2023	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT
	→ Group 3 - Asthma Patients 17+	194	56%	26-Nov-2023	Patient	Paused	SNOMED CT





Secondary care data access to BP readings - and yes it does exist - so continue to enter it... but don't ignore it... eg EMIS

Portal Cerner







Any questions so far?





PCN Respiratory Champion

Functions

- Building up expertise and encouraging wider staff training and best practice
- Helping PCN and practice meet KPIs and targets to ensure payment
- Interacting with WSIC Dashboard (COPD and LADS) to understand local population trends and health inequalities
- Linking to local services and being part of evolving MDTs

Benefits

- Becoming part of a NWL community of practice
- Access to teams channel to share learning and best practice
- The opportunity to improve respiratory care in your local area
- Subsidised access to training to upskill in respiratory disease

Request access to the teams channel: NWL Respiratory Champions 24 and 25 | General | Microsoft Teams
Once nominated a champion please email Eleanor.phelan@nhs.net

Offers for training from NWL Training hub

- Paid Membership to the PCRS (Primary Care Respiratory Society) for 2 members of staff per PCN Inspiring best practice in respiratory care | Primary Care Respiratory Society (pcrs-uk.org). Applications will have to come via the NWL Training Hub, recommended that PCN champion attends.
- Access to CPD to pay for Foundation Modules in Asthma and CPD for Nurses and AHPs
- Access to Foundation Modules for Pharmacists max 1 per PCN
- Access to advanced modules for PCN Respiratory Champions (1 per PCN)



Training for all

National capabilities framework for CYP asthma

"Previous reports have identified lack of specific asthma expertise and knowledge amongst health professionals as a significant avoidable factor in asthma deaths with recommendations that all who care for children and young people with asthma should be better educated in how to manage it."

https://www.e-lfh.org.uk/programmes/children-and-young-peoples-asthma/

NHS
Health Education England

The National Capabilities
Framework for Professionals
who care for Children and Young
People with Asthma



Supporting excellent asthma care for all children and young people











www.hee.nhs.uk We work with pa

We work with partners to plan, recruit, educate and train the health workfo







CYP Asthma Capability Framework Tiers

Tier	Level of care	Example profession	Knowledge and skills
1	Signposting	Social care Education staff Childcare providers Leaders of children's clubs GP receptionists Health Care Assistants	Basic awareness of asthma, its management, inhaler use and basic modifiable risk factors. Able to signpost families to resources.
2	Supporting prescribed care	Practice, School, Community and ward nurses Health visitors Community pharmacist AHPs Ambulance staff	Greater understanding of the principles of asthma management and able to deliver prescribed care both routinely and in an emergency. Able to view asthma as a chronic condition and identify risk factors for poor control
3	Assessment and prescribing of care	General Practitioners Emergency department doctors Paediatricians Doctors in training Nurses with a special interest Clinical pharmacist	Able to diagnose, assess and manage acute and chronic asthma. Able to address the factors that contribute to poor control
4	Assessment and prescribing for the more difficult to treat asthmas	Paediatricians with special interest Advanced nurse practitioners	In depth knowledge of asthma and the differentials and able to diagnose, assess and manage the more difficult to treat asthmatic. Able to work with wider teams to support all aspects of management and transition
5	Managing the difficult and severe asthmas	Tertiary paediatrician AHP member of the asthma MDT	Specialist knowledge and skills to diagnose, assess and manage the most severe and difficult to treat asthmatics





Additional Tier 3 Asthma CYP Training on 19th June

Calling All Health Care Professionals who Provide Asthma Care for Children and Young People!

GPs, Pharmacists, Practice Nurses, Paediatric Trainees

Join us at Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust, St Marys Hospital, Praed Street, London, W2 1NY

For a Tier 3 CYP Asthma Training and Workshop



On Wednesday 19th June 2024

In the Clinical Lecture Theatre, Cambridge Wing, 2nd Floor

Lunch and Refreshments Provided



Content aligned to the "Children and Young People Asthma Training for Tier 3 Providers" on elfh & certificate provided on completion.

Delivering excellence in Children and Young People's Services: North West London Children and Young People Asthma Network

Click here to book your free place now on Eventbrite!









FAO all PCN clinical leads NWL CYP asthma GIRFT reviews

- We would like to run a review in your PCN
- It's a 1 hour Teams meeting with each practice represented
- Data pack created by GIRFT sent in advance
- Review of local practice plus CYP Asthma teaching
- Toolkit of support offered

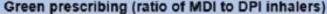
What is required from you? No prep – just book a meeting slot! Scan for booking details and FAQs here

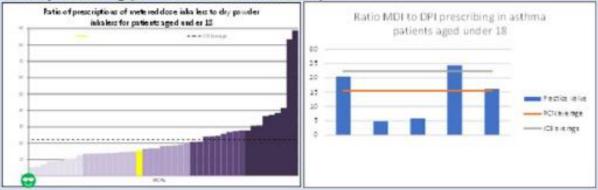


To book a review or for further information please contact the GIRFT central inbox <u>england.girft.central@nhs.net</u> or alternatively the Childhood Asthma workstream delivery manager; Rebecca Dooley at <u>Rebecca.dooley2@nhs.net</u>



Example metric – 'Green prescribing'





Background

- There is a national drive to increase prescribing of DPIs due to their lower carbon footprint
- There are clinical advantages if the DPI is part of a SABA free pathway, for example using budesonide/ formoterol as a Symbicort <u>Turbohaler</u>, licensed from 12 years of age.
- The aim is to reduce the ratio of MDI to DPI inhalers overall
- Care must be taken to ensure children are able to use a DPI effectively before switching
- NB well controlled asthma has the lowest carbon footprint

Discussion

- The PCN recognizes the benefits of switching from MDIs to DPIs and have implemented a system to prompt when reissuing inhalers to ensure they are CFC free
- Variation between practices noted

Recommendation

The PCN to consider making green prescribing a priority for 23/24

Resources

- . The NWL prescribing guide has an indication of green prescribing options
- Guide to reducing the carbon footprint of inhaler prescribing Greener Practice
- Top tips greener respiratory prescribing care in children and young people 1701190558-f1aa64e0369f50b7d34a6d32d6ef02e2.pdf (gpwebsite.org)

GIRFT principles

- Identifying variation
- Benchmarking against agreed metrics
- Data driven evidence base for change
- Toolkit of practical support

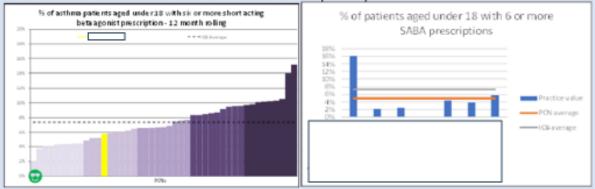




Example metric – 'SABA prescribing'

Effective preventative medication – monitoring SABA prescriptions

% of children with asthma with six or more SABA prescriptions in the last 12 months



Background

- Use of three or more SABA inhalers in twelve months is associated with fatal asthma
- Pragmatically, use of six or more in last 12months is a clear indication that a child should be reviewed. Sometimes this is simply due to inhalers being over issued/ lost etc, in which case medicines management is the correct approach. However if children are actually using excess salbutamol for asthma symptoms, they need urgent clinical review

Discussion

- The PCN have good processes in place to monitor SABA prescriptions reflected by low overall % rates
- This is led by PCN pharmacists through medicines management
- have higher numbers, and agreed to review

Recommended:

- to review selected patients using the WSIC Asthma Radar
- The PCN to ensure all patients receiving excess salbutamol are appropriately reviewed

GIRFT principles

- Identifying variation
- Benchmarking against agreed metrics
- Data driven evidence base for change
- Toolkit of practical support



<u>Testimonial</u>

Dr Ayia Al-Asadi – GP at Direct Practice (Sphere PCN review);

"Incredibly useful meeting to gain knowledge on managing tricky cases, share excellent and helpful resources such as steroid dosing for children, QoF target achievement suggestions, and plus to network and build relationships with the team around you. Working closely with secondary care, the nursing and asthma team helps improve integrated care services and ultimately better outcomes for our patients. I would highly recommend."

To book a review or for further information please contact the GIRFT central inbox england.girft.central@nhs.net or alternatively the Childhood Asthma workstream delivery manager; Rebecca Dooley at Rebecca.dooley2@nhs.net

Any questions so far?





Contractual requirements

- The payment attached to the spec is for achievement of the following targets:
 - >80% UCLP Group 1 asthma COPD patients to have a UCP and an enhanced asthma review
 - >90% of patients living with home oxygen to have a UCP and an enhanced annual review
 - A decrease in adult asthma patients prescribed <=5 ICS containing inhalers per year
- The maximum total of £0.48 per weighted patient (per weighted practice size)





How to achieve payment

>80% UCLP Group 1 asthma COPD patients to have a UCP and an enhanced asthma review

	UCP Advance care planning (713603004) % of UCLP Group 1	Numerator: The number of	Denominator : The number of		
RESP01N	Asthma or COPD Patients with UCP and an Enhanced annual review	Enhanced annual review	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease annual review (394703002) OR Asthma annual review (394700004) AND Enhanced services administration (166221000000105)	patients with UCP and an enhanced annual review	patients on UCLP Group 1 Asthma and COPD as of 31 March 2024

Tariff	КРІ	Target Thresholds	Financial Achievement
£0.31	UCLP Group 1 Asthma and COPD patients to have a UCP and an enhanced annual review	<50%	0%
		50-80%	50%
	nave a OCP and an enhanced annual review	>80%	100%

Note: UCLP: UCLPartners Proactive Care Search and Stratification tools

UCP: Universal Care Plan

How to achieve payment

>90% of patients living with home oxygen to have a UCP and an enhanced annual review

		UCP	Advance care planning (713603004)		
RESP02	% Patient living with home oxygen to have a UCP and an enhanced annual review	Enhanced annual review	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease annual review (394703002) OR Asthma annual review (394700004) AND Enhanced services administration (166221000000105)	Numerator: The number of patients with UCP and an enhanced annual review	Denominator: The number of patients living with home oxygen

Tariff	КРІ	Target Thresholds	Financial Achievement	
	Patient living with home oxygen to have a	<90%	0%	
£0.02	UCP and an enhanced annual review	>90%	100%	

How to achieve payment

A decrease in adult asthma patients prescribed <=5 ICS containing inhalers per year

RESP03N	% decrease adult asthma patients prescribed <= 5 ICS containing inhalers per year	Data source – ePACT (respiratory dashboard)	Numerator: Number of patients receiving 5 or fewer steroid inhalers including ICS LABA products within a rolling 12 month period	Denominator: Total number of patients receiving any prescription items for steroid inhalers including ICS LABA products (see numerator for list) within a rolling 12 month period
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Tariff	КРІ	Target Thresholds	Financial Achievement
	% decrease adult asthma patients prescribed		0%
£0.15	<=5 ICS containing inhalers per year	Any decrease	100%

Quality markers

QUALITY	QUALITY METRICS								
Ref.	Description	SNOMI	Measu	rement					
RESP04	Patients with COPD rescue pack recorded		Issue of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease rescue pack 24		recorded aselining year				
		Asthma control Test (aged 12+) OR Children asthma control test (aged 6-12)	Asthma control test score (443117005) Childhood Asthma Control Test score (905301000000103)	Numerator: The number of asthma patients aged between 6 and 17 with ALL	aged between 6 and 17				
		Personalised asthma action plans	Asthma clinical management plan (736056000) AND Patient has a written asthma personal action plan (527171000000103)	8 care processes completed					
RESP05N	% of people on the CYP asthma register who have had ALL 8 care processes completed	Inhaler technique	Inhaler technique – good (170625000) OR Inhaler technique – moderate (390869002) OR Inhaler technique – poor (170626004)						
		Measurement of peak flow	Peak expiratory flow rate (18491006)						
		Predicted peak flow	Predicted peak expiratory flow rate using EN 13826 standard (178271000000100)						

QUALITY METRICS								
Ref.	Description	SNOMED Code		Measurement				
		Asthma trigger (once ever)	Any of the following: Asthma trigger (400987003) Asthma trigger respiratory infection (201031000000108) Asthma trigger – pollen (340911000000109) Asthma trigger – seasonal (201041000000104) Asthma trigger – cold air (201191000000108) Asthma trigger – damp					
			(20120100000105) Asthma trigger - animals (201051000000101) Asthma trigger - exercise (340901000000107) Asthma trigger -airborne dust (340891000000106) Asthma trigger - tobacco smoke (340921000000103)					
		Episodes of exacerbations	Number of asthma exacerbations in past year (366874008)					
		Asthma medication review	Asthma medication review (394720003)					
RESP06N	% increase adult Asthma patients prescribed no more than 3 SABA inhalers issued per year	Number of SABA inhaler prescribed per year (734949005)			Denominator: Number of adult asthma patients prescribed SABA inhalers per year			

Additional enhanced service specifications

Medicines Management

Spirometry





Spirometry

This service is intended to commission the service provider to deliver quality assured diagnostic spirometry and FeNO testing (as appropriate) to enable the accurate diagnosis of COPD and asthma.

By referring to PCN respiratory diagnostic hublets

£82.27 per patient appointment

Note: There are community diagnostic centres in Brent and Ealing that can accept referrals for spirometry, from any PCN. These will not be paid through the enhanced service specification but will have no cost to the PCN





Medicines Management (relating to Respiratory)

There is payment in the medicine management specification, for the following: If 70% PCN achievement 15% of Tariff (£0.10)When prescribing Review and change to Fostair 100/6 and Fostair NEXThaler 200/6 pMDI (and (DPI or Bibecfo generic equivalents pMDI if PDI not suitable Seretide 250 and If 60-70% PCN achievement Sereflo Ciphaler 500 Accuhaler Between 10-15% of Tariff (£0.10-0.15)

North West London



Other aligned respiratory work

- New NWL CYP asthma guidelines coming soon
- PCN CYP MDT asthma reviews as part of GIRFT (Getting it Right First Time)

https://www.nwlondonicb.nhs.uk/professionals/children-and-young-people/getting-it-right-first-time-girft





Future webinars

WSIC: LADS and COPD introduction

NWL Asthma Guidelines

COPD Update





Questions?





References and resources

Asthma deaths in children in the UK the last straw!

https://bjgp.org/content/early/2024/04/29/bjgp24X738201

Achieving earlier diagnosis of COPD

https://www.ipcrg.org/sites/ipcrg/files/content/attachments/2023-08-09/IPCRG_DTH_No.13_Achieving_earlier_diagnosis_of_COPD.pdf

Asthma reviews: a new look

https://www.transformationpartners.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2017/10/Asthma-reviews-MArk-Levy-Practice-Nurse-Jan-2020.pdf

Reviewing people with COPD

https://www.pcrs-uk.org/sites/default/files/os19_copd_review.pdf

PCRS website: clinical resources (webinars, podcasts, guidelines)

https://www.pcrs-uk.org/asthma; https://www.pcrs-uk.org/copd





Appendices

QOF requirements for respiratory care 24/25





QOF Requirements for Asthma

AST005	The contractor establishes and maintains a register of patients with asthma aged 6 years or over,		
	excluding patients with asthma who have been prescribed no asthma related drugs in the preceding		
	months		

The percentage of patients with a diagnosis of asthma on or after 1 April 2023 with either:

peak flow variability) recorded within 6 months of the registration.

AST011

AST007

AST008

A record of quality assured spirometry and one other objective test (FeNO or, bronchodilator reversibility or peak flow variability) between 3 months before or 6 months after diagnosis; or
 If newly registered in the preceding 12 months with a diagnosis of asthma recorded on or after 1 April 2023 but no record of objective tests being performed at the date of the registration, with a quality assured spirometry and one other objective test (FeNO or bronchodilator reversibility or

The percentage of patients with asthma on the register, who have had an asthma review in the preceding 12 months that includes an assessment of asthma control using a validated asthma control questionnaire, a recording of the number of exacerbations, an assessment of inhaler technique and a written personalised action plan

The percentage of patients with asthma on the register aged 19 or under, in whom there is a record of either personal smoking status or exposure to second-hand smoke in the preceding 12 months

QOF Requirements for COPD

	COPD015	 The contractor establishes and maintains a register of: Patients with a clinical diagnosis of COPD before 1 April 2023; and Patients with a clinical diagnosis of COPD on or after 1 April 2023 whose diagnosis has been confirmed by a quality assured post-bronchodilator spirometry FEV1/FVC ratio below 0.7 between 3 months before or 6 months after diagnosis (or if newly registered at the practice in the preceding 12 months without a record of spirometry having been performed, a record of an FEV1/FVC ratio below 0.7 recorded within 6 months of registration); and Patients with a clinical diagnosis of COPD on or after 1 April 2023 who are unable to undertake spirometry.
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COPD010 The percentage of patients with COPD on the register, who have had a review in the preceding 12 months, including a record of the number of exacerbations and an assessment of breathlessness using the Medical Research Council dyspnoea scale

COPD014

The percentage of patients with COPD and Medical Research Council (MRC) dyspnoea scale ≥3 at any time in the preceding 12 months, with a subsequent record of referral to a pulmonary rehabilitation programme (excluding those who have previously attended a pulmonary rehabilitation programme)